Curriculum Outcomes





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Title

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Mathematics 8 Curriculum Outcomes Framework

<ul> <li>[C] Communication</li> <li>[CN] Connections</li> <li>[ME] Mental Mathematics and Estimation</li> </ul>	[PS] [R] [T] [V]	Problem Solving Reasoning Technology Visualization
and Estimation	[V]	Visualization

Number (N)					
General Curriculum Outcome: Students will be expected to develop number sense.					
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators				
	Use the following set of indicators to determine whether students have				
	achieved the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.				
<b>N01</b> Students will be expected to demonstrate an	N01.01 Represent a given perfect square as a square region, using				
understanding of perfect squares and square roots,	materials such as grid paper or square shapes.				
concretely, pictorially, and symbolically (limited to whole	N01.02 Determine the factors of a given perfect square, and explain why				
numbers).	one of the factors is the square root and the others are not.				
[C, CN, R, V]	N01.03 Determine whether or not a given number is a perfect square,				
	using materials and strategies such as square shapes, grid paper				
	or prime factorization, and explain the reasoning.				
	N01.04 Determine the square root of a given perfect square, and record				
	it symbolically.				
	N01.05 Determine the square of a given number.				
<b>N02</b> Students will be expected to determine the approximate	N02.01 Estimate the square root of a given number that is not a perfect				
square root of numbers that are not perfect squares	square, using materials such as square shapes and graph paper				
(limited to whole numbers).	and strategies such as using the roots of perfect squares as				
[C, CN, ME, R, T]	benchmarks.				
	N02.02 Approximate the square root of a given number that is not a				
	perfect square using technology (e.g., a calculator or a computer).				
	N02.03 Explain why the square root of a number shown on a calculator				
	may be an approximation.				
	N02.04 Identify a number with a square root that is between two given				
	numbers.				

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and Estimation	[V]	Visualization

Number (N) General Curriculum Outcome: Students will be expected to develop number sense				
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators			
	Use the following set of indicators to determine whether students have achieved the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.			
<ul> <li>N03 Students will be expected to demonstrate an understanding of and solve problems involving percents greater than or equal to 0%.</li> <li>[CN, ME, PS, R, V]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>N03.01 Provide contexts where a percent may be between 0% and 1%, between 1% and 100%, and more than 100%.</li> <li>N03.02 Represent a given fractional percent using concrete materials an pictorial representations.</li> <li>N03.03 Represent a given percent greater than 100% using concrete materials and pictorial representations.</li> <li>N03.04 Determine the percent represented by a given shaded region on grid, and record it in decimal, fraction, and percent form.</li> <li>N03.05 Express a given percent in decimal or fraction form.</li> <li>N03.06 Express a given decimal in percent or fraction form.</li> <li>N03.07 Express a given problem involving percents mentally, with pencil and paper, or with technology, as appropriate.</li> <li>N03.09 Solve a given problem that involves finding the percent of a</li> </ul>			

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and Estimation	$[\mathbf{V}]$	Visualization

Number (N) General Curriculum Outcome: Students will be expected to develop number sense					
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators				
	Use the following set of indicators to determine whether students have				
	achieved the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.				
<b>N04</b> Students will be expected to demonstrate an	N04.01 Explain the multiplicative relationship found within a ratio.				
understanding of ratio and rate.	N04.02 Represent a two-term ratio from a given context concretely and				
[C, CN, V]	pictorially and record using the forms 3:5 or 3 to 5.				
	N04.03 Express a three-term ratio from a given context in the forms 4:7:3 or 4 to 7 to 3.				
	N04.04 Express a part-to-part ratio as a part-to-whole fraction.				
	N04.05 Identify and describe ratios and rates (including unit rates) from real-life examples and record them symbolically.				
	N04.06 Express a given rate using words or symbols.				
	N04.07 Express a given ratio as a percent, and explain why a rate cannot				
	be represented as a percent.				

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and Estimation	[V]	Visualization

Number (N)					
General Curriculum Outcome: Students will be expected to devel	General Curriculum Outcome: Students will be expected to develop number sense.				
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Perform	ance indicators			
	ose the	the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes			
<b>N05</b> Students will be expected to solve problems that involve rates, ratios, and proportional reasoning.		Explain the meaning of $\frac{a}{b}$ within a given context.			
[C, CN, ME, PS, R]	N05.02	Provide a context in which $\frac{a}{b}$ represents a fraction, a rate , a			
		ratio, a quotient, and a probability.			
	N05.03	Use pictures, models, or manipulatives to make sense of a proportional situation.			
	N05.04	Differentiate between proportional and non-proportional contexts.			
	N05.05	Use multiplicative relationships to compare quantities and to predict the value of one quantity based on the values of another.			
	N05.06	Use multiple methods to solve proportional tasks and understand that these methods are related to each other.			
	N05.07	Use estimation to determine the reasonableness of an answer.			
	N05.08	Solve a proportion using mental mathematics, pencil and paper,			
		or technology, as appropriate.			
	N05.09	Solve a given problem involving rate, ratio, or percent using mental mathematics, pencil and paper, or technology, as appropriate.			
	N05.10	Create problems that are examples of proportional reasoning.			

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and Estimation	[V]	Visualization

Number (N)				
General Curriculum Outcome: Students will be expected to develop number sense.				
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators			
	Use the	following set of indicators to determine whether students have		
	achieved	d the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.		
<b>N06</b> Students will be expected to demonstrate an	N06.01	Identify the operation required to solve a given problem involving		
understanding of multiplying and dividing positive		positive fractions.		
fractions and mixed numbers, concretely, pictorially, and	N06.02	Provide a context that requires the multiplying of two given		
symbolically.		positive fractions.		
[C, CN, ME, PS]	N06.03	Provide a context that requires the dividing of two given positive		
		fractions.		
	N06.04	Estimate the product of two given positive proper fractions to		
		determine if the product will be closer to 0, $\frac{1}{2}$ , or 1.		
	N06.05	Estimate the quotient of two given positive fractions, and		
		compare the estimate to whole number benchmarks.		
	N06.06	Express a given positive mixed number as an improper fraction		
		and a given positive improper fraction as a mixed number.		
	N06.07	Model multiplication of a positive fraction by a whole number		
		concretely and/or pictorially and record the process.		
	N06.08	Model multiplication of a positive fraction by a positive fraction		
		concretely and/or pictorially, using an area model, and record the		
		process.		
	N06.09	Model division of a positive proper fraction by a whole number		
		concretely and/or pictorially and record the process.		
	N06.10	Model division of a whole number by a positive proper fraction		
		concretely and/or pictorially, using an area model, and record the		
		process.		
	N06.11	Model division of a positive proper fraction by a positive proper		
		fraction pictorially and record the process.		

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and Estimation	[V]	Visualization

Number (N)				
General Curriculum Outcome: Students will be expected to dev	elop numb	er sense.		
Specific Curriculum Outcomes		Performance Indicators		
	Use the	following set of indicators to determine whether students have		
	achieved the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.			
N06 (Continued)	N06.12	Generalize and apply rules for multiplying and dividing positive		
		fractions, including mixed numbers.		
	N06.13	Symbolically solve a given problem involving positive fractions,		
		taking into consideration order of operations (limited to problems		
		with positive solutions and that exclude exponents).		
<b>N07</b> Students will be expected to demonstrate an	N07.01	Identify the operation required to solve a given problem involving		
understanding of multiplication and division of integers,		integers.		
concretely, pictorially, and symbolically.	N07.02	Provide a context that requires multiplying two integers.		
[C, CN, PS, R, V]	N07.03	Provide a context that requires dividing two integers.		
	N07.04	Model the process of multiplying two integers, using concrete		
		Madel the process of dividing on integer by an integer, using		
	107.05	wooder the process of dividing an integer by an integer, using		
		the process.		
	N07.06	Generalize and apply a rule for determining the sign of the		
		product and quotient of integers.		
	N07.07	Solve a given problem involving the division of integers (two-digit		
		by one-digit) without the use of technology.		
	N07.08	Solve a given problem involving the division of integers (two-digit		
		by two-digit) mentally or with the use of technology, where		
		appropriate.		
	N07.09	Symbolically solve a given problem involving integers, taking into consideration order of operations when necessary.		

[C] Communication [CN] Connections [ME] Mental Mathematics

and Estimation

[**PS**] Problem Solving [R]

Reasoning Technology

- [T]
- Visualization [V]

Patterns and Relations (PR)			
General Curriculum Outcomes:			
Students will be expected to use patterns to describe the world a	nd to solve problems.		
Students will be expected to represent algebraic expressions in m	ultiple ways.		
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators		
	Use the following set of indicators to determine whether students have		
	achieved the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.		
<b>PR01</b> Students will be expected to graph and analyze two- variable linear relations.	PR01.01 Determine the missing value in an ordered pair for a given equation.		
[C, ME, PS, R, T, V]	PR01.02 Create a table of values by substituting values for a variable in the equation of a given linear relation.		
	PR01.03 Construct a graph from the equation of a given linear relation (limited to discrete data).		
	PR01.04 Describe the relationship between the variables of a given graph.		
<b>PR02</b> Students will be expected to model and solve problems, concretely, pictorially, and symbolically, where <i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , and <i>c</i>	PR02.01 Model a given problem with a linear equation, and solve the equation using concrete models.		
are integers, using linear equations of the form	PR02.02 Verify the solution to a given linear equation, using a variety of		
• $ax = b$	methods, including concrete materials, diagrams, and substitution.		
$-=b, a \neq 0$ $a$ $ax + b = c$	PR02.03 Draw a visual representation of the steps used to solve a given linear equation, and record each step symbolically.		
	PR02.04 Solve a given linear equation symbolically.		
• $\frac{\lambda}{a} + b = c, a \neq 0$	PR02.05 Identify and correct an error in a given incorrect solution of a		
• $a(x + b) = c$ [C, CN, PS, V]	PR02.06 Apply the distributive property to solve a given linear equation. PR02.07 Solve a given problem, using a linear equation, and record the		
	process.		

[C] Communication	[ <b>PS</b> ]	Problem Solving
[CN] Connections	[ <b>R</b> ]	Reasoning
[ME] Mental Mathematics	[T]	Technology
and Estimation	[V]	Visualization

Measurement (M)				
General Curriculum Outcome: Students will be expected to use direct or indirect measurement to solve problems.				
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators			
	Use the achieved	tollowing set of indicators to determine whether students have I the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.		
M01 Students will be expected to develop and apply the	M01.01	Model and explain the Pythagorean theorem concretely,		
Pythagorean theorem to solve problems.	N 404 02	pictorially, or using technology.		
[CN, PS, R, I, V]	M01.02	explain, using examples, that the Pythagorean theorem applies only to right triangles.		
	M01.03	Determine whether or not a given triangle is a right triangle by		
	M01 04	applying the rythagolean theorem.		
	101.04	the measures of the other two sides, to solve a given problem.		
	M01.05	Solve a given problem that involves Pythagorean triples.		
<b>M02</b> Students will be expected to draw and construct nets for	M02.01	Match a given net to the 3-D object it represents.		
3-D objects.	M02.02	Construct a 3-D object from a given net.		
[C, CN, PS, V]	M02.03	Draw nets for a given right cylinder, right rectangular prism, and		
		right triangular prism, and verify by constructing the 3-D objects from the nets.		
	M02.04	Predict 3-D objects that can be created from a given net, and verify the prediction.		
M03 Students will be expected to determine the surface area	M03.01	Explain, using examples, the relationship between the area of 2-D		
of right rectangular prisms, right triangular prisms, and		shapes and the surface area of a given 3-D object.		
right cylinders to solve problems.	M03.02	Identify all the faces of a given prism, including right rectangular		
[C, CN, PS, R, V]		and right triangular prisms.		
	M03.03	Identify all the faces of a given right cylinder.		
	M03.04	Describe and apply strategies for determining the surface area of		
		a given right rectangular or right triangular prism.		
	M03.05	Describe and apply strategies for determining the surface area of		
		a given right cylinder.		
	M03.06	Solve a given problem involving surface area.		

<b>Measurement (M)</b> <b>General Curriculum Outcome:</b> Students will be expected to use direct or indirect measurement to solve problems.			
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	<b>Performance Indicators</b> Use the following set of indicators to determine whether students have achieved the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.		
<ul> <li>M04 Students will be expected to develop and apply formulas for determining the volume of right rectangular prisms, right triangular prisms, and right cylinders.</li> <li>[C, CN, PS, R, V]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>M04.01 Determine the volume of a given right prism, given the area of the base.</li> <li>M04.02 Generalize and apply a rule for determining the volume of right cylinders.</li> <li>M04.03 Explain the connection between the area of the base of a given right 3-D object and the formula for the volume of the object.</li> <li>M04.04 Demonstrate that the orientation of a given 3-D object does not affect its volume.</li> <li>M04.05 Apply a formula to solve a given problem involving the volume of a right cylinder or a right prism.</li> </ul>		

[C]Communication[PS][CN]Connections[R][ME]Mental Mathematics[T]and Estimation[V]	Problem Solving Reasoning Technology Visualization
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Geometry (G)			
General Curriculum Outcomes:			
Students will be expected to describe the characteristics of 3-D o	objects and 2-D shapes and analyze the relationships among them.		
Students will be expected to describe and analyze position and m	motion of objects and shapes.		
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators		
	Use the following set of indicators to determine whether students have		
	achieved the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.		
<b>G01</b> Students will be expected to draw and interpret top, front, and side views of 3-D objects composed of right	G01.01 Draw and label the top, front, and side views for a given 3-D object on isometric dot paper.		
rectangular prisms.	G01.02 Compare different views of a given 3-D object to the object.		
[C, CN, R, T, V]	G01.03 Predict the top, front, and side views that will result from a described rotation (limited to multiples of 90°), and verify predictions.		
	G01.04 Draw and label the top, front, and side views that result from a given rotation (limited to multiples of 90°).		
	G01.05 Build a 3-D block object given the top, front, and side views, with or without the use of technology.		
	G01.06 Sketch and label the top, front, and side views of a 3-D object in the environment, with or without the use of technology.		

<ul><li>[C] Communication</li><li>[CN] Connections</li><li>[ME] Mental Mathematics and Estimation</li></ul>	[PS] [R] [T] [V]	Problem Solving Reasoning Technology Visualization

Geometry (G)				
General Curriculum Outcomes:				
Students will be expected to describe the characteristics of 3-D objects and 2-D shapes, and analyze the relationships among them.				
Students will be expected to describe and analyze position and motion of objects and shapes.				
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators			
	Use the following set of indicators to determine whether students have			
	achieved the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.			
<b>G02</b> Students will be expected to demonstrate an	G02.01 Determine the coordinates of the vertices of an image following a			
understanding of the congruence of polygons under a	given combination of transformations of the original figure.			
transformation.	G02.02 Draw the original figure and determine the coordinates of its			
[CN, R, V]	vertices, given the coordinates of the image's vertices and a			
	description of the transformation (translation, rotation,			
	reflection).			

[C] Communication	[ <b>PS</b> ]	Problem Solving
[CN] Connections	[ <b>R</b> ]	Reasoning
[ME] Mental Mathematics	[T]	Technology
and Estimation	[V]	Visualization

Statistics and Probability (SP)			
General Curriculum Outcomes:			
Students will be expected to collect, display, and analyze data to	solve probl	ems.	
Students will be expected to use experimental or theoretical pro	babilities to	prepresent and solve problems involving uncertainty.	
Specific Curriculum Outcomes	Performance Indicators		
	Use the f	ollowing set of indicators to determine whether students have	
	achieved	the corresponding specific curriculum outcomes.	
<b>SP01</b> Students will be expected to critique ways in which data is	SP01.01	Compare information provided for the same data set by a given	
presented.		set of graphs, including circle graphs, line graphs, bar graphs,	
[C, R, T, V]		and pictographs, to determine the strengths and limitations of	
		each graph.	
	SP01.02	Identify the advantages and disadvantages of different graphs,	
		including circle graphs, line graphs, bar graphs, and pictographs,	
		in representing a given set of data.	
	SP01.03	Justify the choice of a graphical representation for a given	
		situation and its corresponding data set.	
	SP01.04	Explain how the format of a given graph, such as the size of the	
		intervals, the width of the bars, and the visual representation,	
		may lead to misinterpretation of the data.	
	SP01.05	Explain how a given formatting choice could misrepresent the	
		data.	
	SP01.06	Identify conclusions that are inconsistent with a given data set or	
		graph, and explain the misinterpretation.	
<b>SP02</b> Students will be expected to solve problems involving the	SP02.01	Determine the probability of two given independent events, and	
probability of independent events.		verify the probability using a different strategy.	
[C, CN, PS, T]	SP02.02	Generalize and apply a rule for determining the probability of	
		independent events.	
	SP02.03	Solve a given problem that involves determining the probability	
		of independent events.	